

FIMM 2021 RESEARCH ON UNIT TRUST SCHEMES' FEES AND CHARGES

December 2021

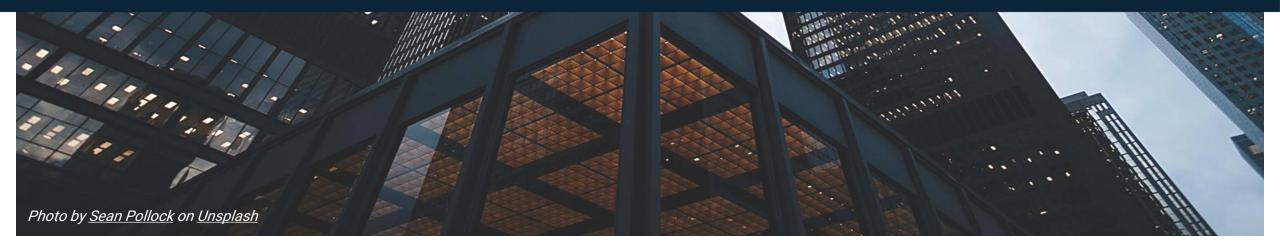


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List of Abbreviations

CUTA	Corporate Unit Trust Adviser	MER	Management Expense Ratio
DIY	Do-it-Yourself	NAV	Net Asset Value
EPF	Employees Provident Fund	NWS	FIMM Nationwide Survey 2019
EPF-MIS	EPF-Members Investment Scheme	PRS	Private Retirement Schemes
FIMM	Federation of Investment Managers Malaysia	UTS	Unit Trust Schemes
IUTA	Institutional Unit Trust Adviser	UTMC	Unit Trust Management Company

Chapter 1 Introduction



Research Objectives



Noting the significant evolvement in the investment and investors' landscape over the years, FIMM conducted the Nationwide Survey (NWS) in 2019 to identify the current investment pulse of the nation.

One of the **findings from the NWS** was on **fees and charges, where**:

- 36% of investors cited high fees and sales charges as their main deterrent in investing in Unit Trust Schemes (UTS)/Private Retirement Schemes (PRS); and
- 23% of investors quoted fees and charges as their main cause of dissatisfaction.



This research aims to:



Educate investors on **UTS fees and charges**

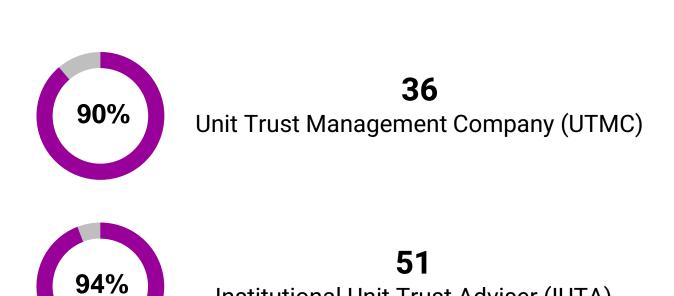


Utilise research findings for **investor education** and awareness activities; and



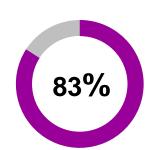
Provide recommendations on good practices for fees and charges.

Industry Participation





Members & Distributors participated and submitted complete information for this research



15
Corporate Unit Trust Adviser (CUTA)

Institutional Unit Trust Adviser (IUTA)

Research / Data Limitation



Incompatibility of Members/Distributors' data that was handled by external vendors, with FIMM's requirements



Members/Distributors unable to provide reconcilable data for historical/old information (up to 7 years) required for the research

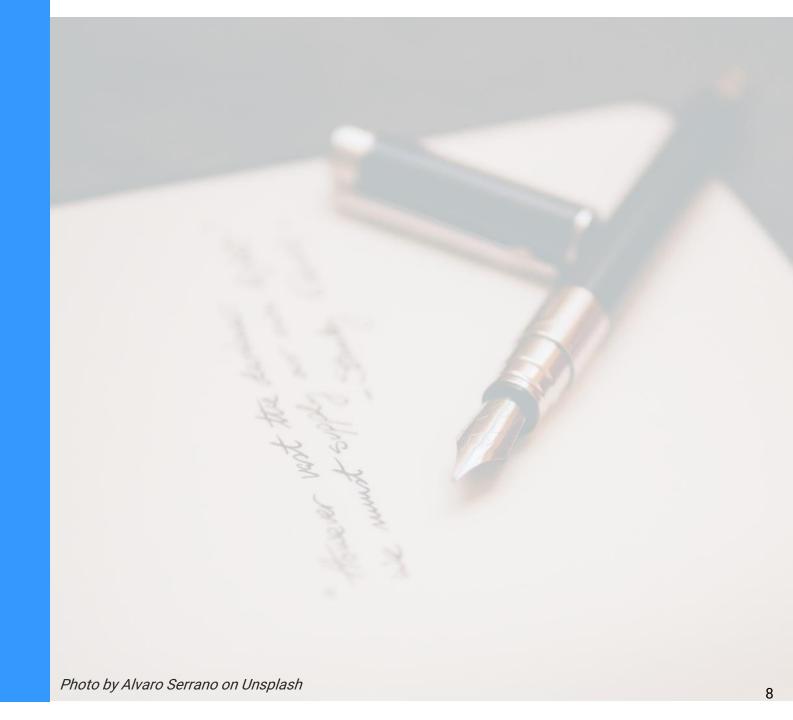


Most of the points in this research can only be elaborated to the extent of information provided by Members/Distributors



Consequently, some of the statistics shared will not reconcile with information published on FIMM's website or the Securities Commission Malaysia's (SC) website

Chapter 2Executive Summary



Executive Summary

Fees and Charges

- Actual sales charges are much lower than the maximum sales charges stated in prospectus.
- Downward trend for both average sales charges and total cost of investing.
- Funds/Schemes that have achieved economies of scale will subsequently drive down its expense ratio.

Level of Services

- More services are provided to investors who opt for the UTS Consultant route compared to the DIY approach.
- An area of focus is the provision of goal-based investing advisory by UTS Consultants, as we observed that only 38% of UTMCs and 63% of IUTAs emphasise this form of service.
- **CUTAs/financial planners** are providing services aimed at helping investors **achieve financial freedom/goals**.

Campaigns and Waivers

- UTMCs, IUTAs and CUTAs implement various campaigns and provide waivers on fees and charges, especially on initial sales charge.
- Investors have the flexibility to buy from the channel that offers the best price.

Investors Stickiness

- 50% of the accounts remained active for at least five (5) years.
- UTS is a long term investment, hence, the longer investors hold on to their investments, the lower the average fees and charges paid.

Executive Summary (cont'd)

Fees and Charges

Campaigns and Waivers

Level of Services

Investors Stickiness





Upskill/Upgrade UTS Consultants



Enhance the transparency of fees and charges



Enhance/develop system(s) and infrastructure to facilitate transactions



Educate investors

Chapter 3Fees and Charges

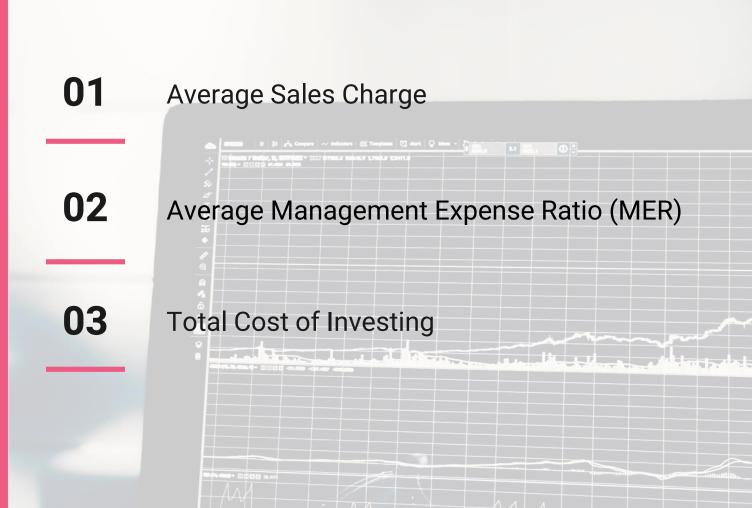
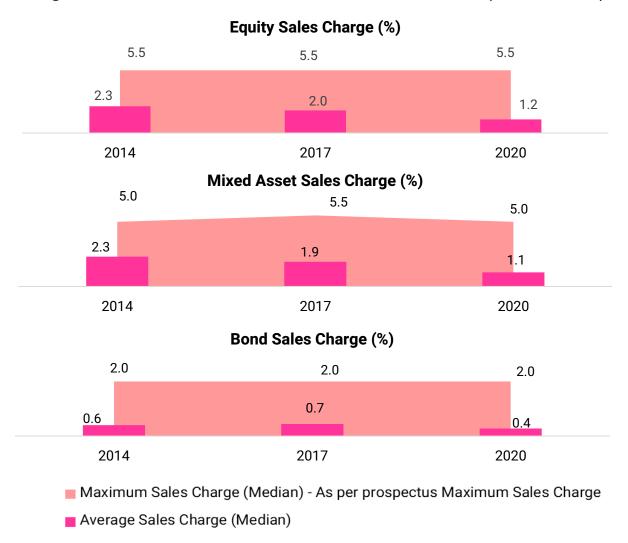


Photo by Chris Liverani on Unsplash

Downward Trend in Average Sales Charge

Figure 1: Investors' Source of Investment Funds (EPF & Cash)



The study has found that the actual sales charges imposed for most UTS are much lower than the maximum sales charges reflected in their respective prospectuses.

Average sales charges have shown downward trends across asset classes – refer to Figure 1, more evident between 2017 and 2020:

- Equity Funds: From 2.0% (2017) to 1.2% (2020)
- Mix Asset Funds: From 1.9% (2017) to 1.1% (2020)
- Bond Funds: From 0.7% (2017) to 0.4% (2020)

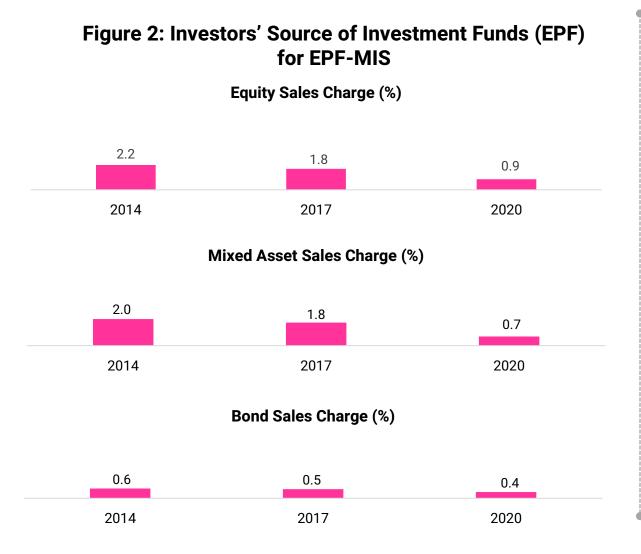
Lower charges were dominantly seen on the Employees Provident Fund - Members Investment Scheme (EPF-MIS) investments – refer to **Figure 2 and Figure 3**. This started with the capping of sales charge at 3%. Subsequently, EPF further introduced the fully automated *i-Invest* (DIY/Online Portal) initiative in 2019, which witnessed a further reduction between 0% - 0.5% in sales charge.

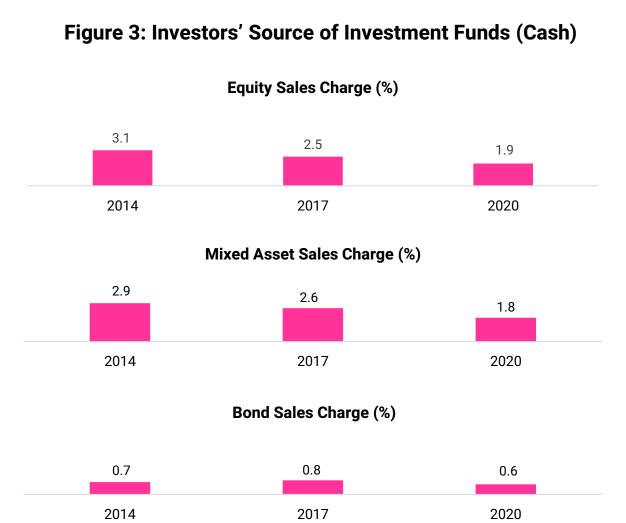
Stark decreases were seen on EPF-MIS sale charges in 2020 as EPF reduced the charges from 1 May 2020 to 30 April 2021:

- UTS Consultant Channel: From maximum 3% to 1.5%
- *i-Invest (DIY/Online Portal)*: From maximum 0.5% to 0% Such efforts by EPF **had significantly reduced the overall sales charges in 2020**.

We expect developments in the EPF-MIS front as well as market forces to continue to drive the sales charge down.

Downward Trend in Average Sales Charge (cont'd)





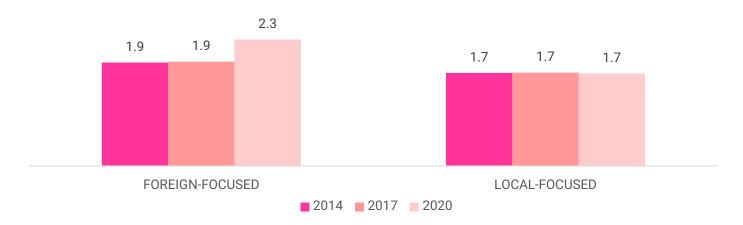
Average Sales Charge (Median)

Economies of Scale

Figure 4: Average MER (%) by Asset Classes



Figure 5: Average MER by Foreign/Local Focused (Equity)



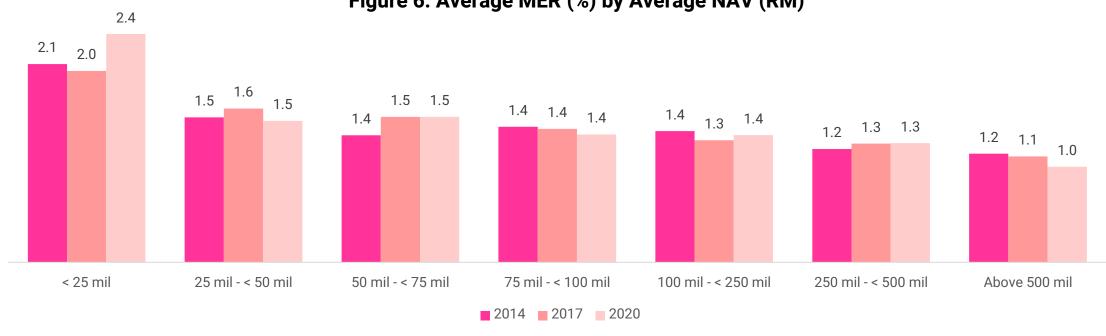
In general, UTS expense ratios for most fund-type have gradually declined over the years – refer to Figure 4, except for Equity Funds that registered an increase of 0.2% to 2.0% in 2020. The increase is due to Equity Funds with foreign exposure, which charges a higher management fee – refer to Figure 5.

Note: Excluded fixed price funds

Source for Asset Classes: Lipper as at 31 December 2020

Economies of Scale (cont'd)

Figure 6: Average MER (%) by Average NAV (RM)



The inverse relationship between average MER and average NAV shows that **many funds have achieved economies of scale.** For funds that continuously grow larger in size, the inherent costs (trustee/custodian fee, auditor fee, tax agent fee, etc.) correspondingly decrease and contribute lesser to the expense ratios.

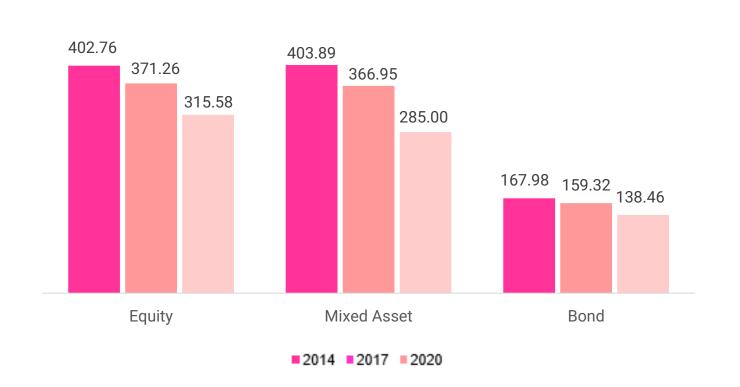
Note: Excluded fixed price funds

Source for Asset Classes: Lipper as at 31 December 2020

Decline in Total Cost of Investing

(First time investment purchase)

Figure 7: Cost of Investing (RM) by Asset Class (Median)



The cost of investing has been declining over the years.

Increasing investor demand, competition among existing and new players, the rise of online (DIY) portals and economies of scale have helped to gradually reduce the cost of investing in UTS.

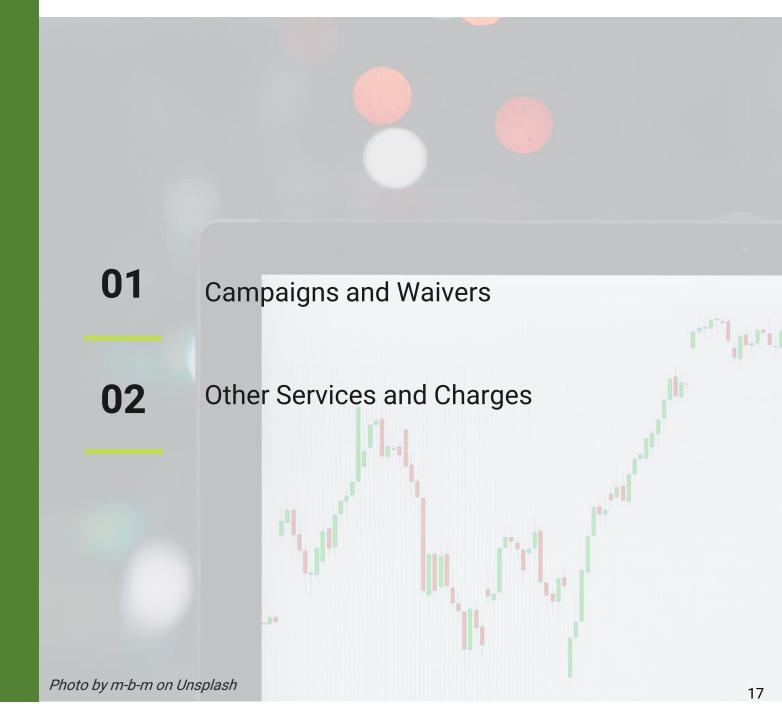
On average, Equity Funds dropped from RM402.76 in 2014 to RM315.58 in 2020 (-21.6%), Mixed Asset Funds from RM403.89 to RM285.00 (-29.4%) and Bond Funds from RM167.98 to RM138.46 (-17.6%).

Sample computation for cost of investing is in **Appendix 1**.

Note: Excluded fixed price funds

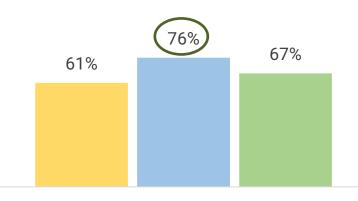
Source for Asset Classes: Lipper as at 31 December 2020

Chapter 4 Campaigns and Waivers



Flexibility in Choosing Channel and Price

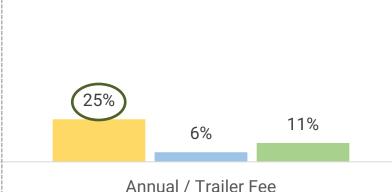
Figure 8: Number of Companies (%) that Implemented Campaigns and Waivers in 2020



Initial Sales Charge

Majority of the companies implement campaigns on initial sales charge, which resulted in lowering of investment cost.

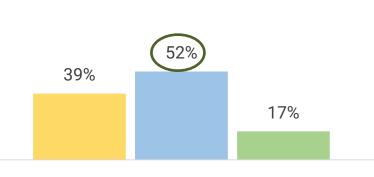
IUTAs ranked top with 76% of the companies running various campaigns in 2020 – refer to Figure 9. This was followed by CUTAs (67%) and UTMCs (61%).



UTMC IUTA CUTA

The practice of giving **lower annual fee** is **not rampant** in the industry.

Only 25% of UTMCs, 11% of CUTAs and 6% of IUTAs practiced it in 2020.



Switching Fee

Industry does waive or charge lower switching fee.

IUTAs (52%) topped the list in 2020, followed by UTMCs (39%) and CUTAs (17%).

Flexibility in Choosing Channel and Price (cont'd)

Figure 9: Number of Companies (%) by Types of Campaigns and Waivers in 2020

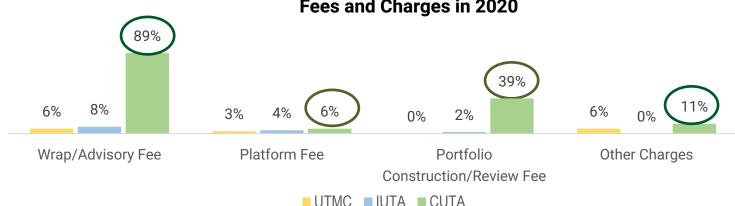


The fees and charges imposed were dependent on the types of campaign offered by Members/Distributors i.e. by ticket size, product bundling, client segmentation, regular/lump sum investment, etc.

The most common campaign in 2020 was based on threshold/ticket size. It was more prominent among IUTAs/banks, with 58% of them doing it.

Investors have the flexibility to buy from the **channel that** offers the best price.

Figure 10: Number of Companies (%) that Imposed Other Fees and Charges in 2020



Note: Excluded certain companies due to inability to provide data

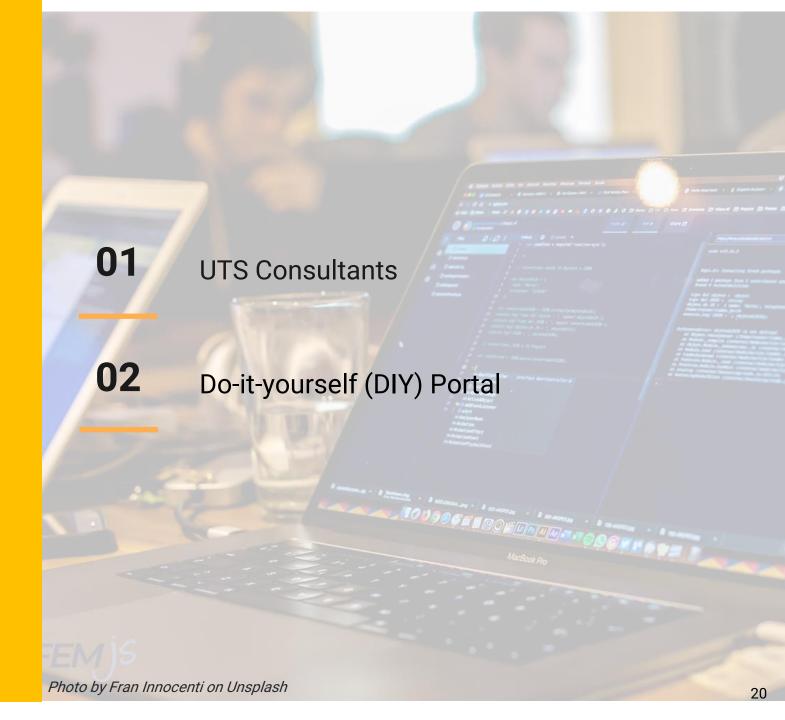
*Source: <u>www.theedgemarkets.com/article/solutions-bridging-gap-financial-services</u>

89% of CUTAs charged wrap/advisory fee, while 39% charged portfolio construction/review fee.

Wrap/advisory fee is imposed on clients opting to leverage on wrap account platform. The wrap account functions to help clients structure a diversified portfolio and their UTS Consultants will monitor the markets and rebalance portfolio when needed*.

The fees are in line with the type of services rendered by financial planners – refer to **Chapter 5** on level of services provided by CUTAs.

Chapter 5Level of Services



Value for Money

Going through **UTS Consultants is popular** among retail investors in Malaysia.

Many still want to be guided through their decisionmaking, and do not mind paying some fees to get professional services. This echoes the NWS findings which exhibited preference for human interaction in guiding investment decisions is still prevalent.

UTS Consultants and financial planners provide **various services to investors**, among others:

- Facilitation on forms and documentation
- Explanation on fund features
- Up-to-date information on funds
- Assessment for risk profile
- Periodically review on investment portfolio
- Assessment on financial status/planning
- Personalised financial planning services

Investors who are savvy and do not need advice may opt for a DIY approach.



Comparison of Services (UTMC) - UTS Consultant vs DIY/Online Portal

Figure 11: Services Provided by UTS Consultant (number of UTMC in percentage)

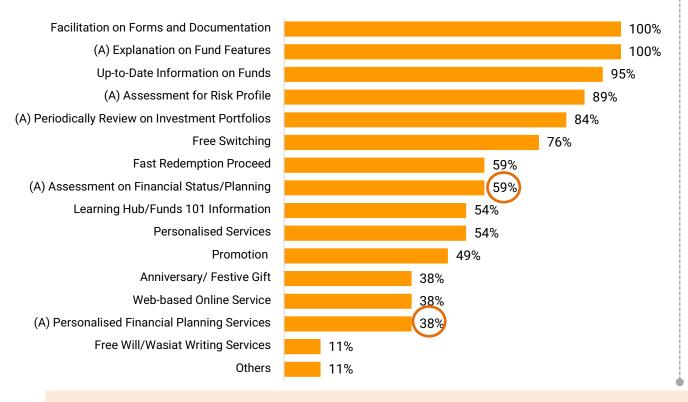
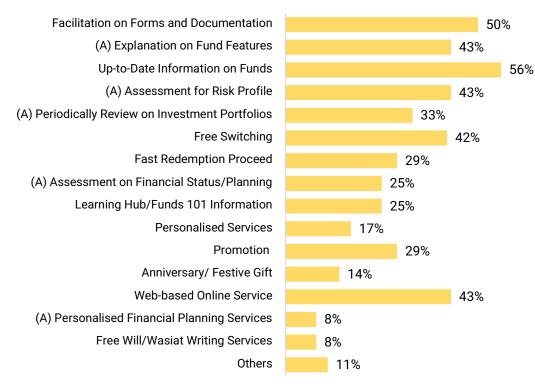


Figure 12: Services Provided on DIY/Online Portal (number of UTMC in percentage)



The above comparison illustrates the services received by an investor who invests via UTS Consultants and DIY approach. The study shows **many UTMCs offered a variety of services to investors through their UTS Consultants**. These services were not made available if investors opted for DIY portal.

Areas of focus that we would like to draw your attention to are:

- (i) Limitation in financial planning services offered (i.e. assessment of financial status/planning and personalised financial planning services). We observed that such services are only made respectively available by 59% and 38% of the UTMCs; and
- (ii) UTMCs should inculcate goal-based investing advisory among their UTS Consultants to bring more value to the fees paid by investors.

Comparison of Services (IUTA) - UTS Consultant vs DIY/Online Portal

Figure 13: Services Provided by UTS Consultant (number of IUTA in percentage)

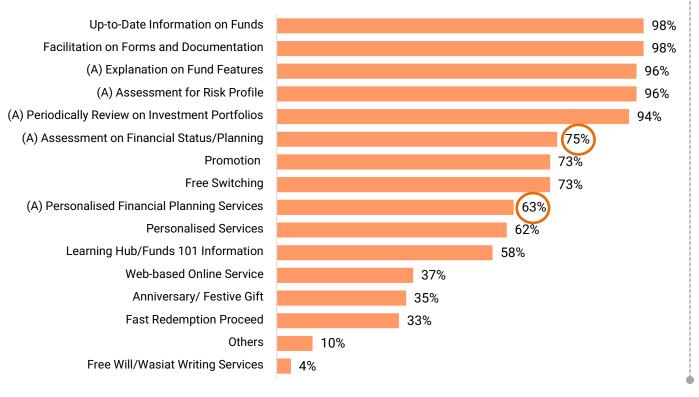
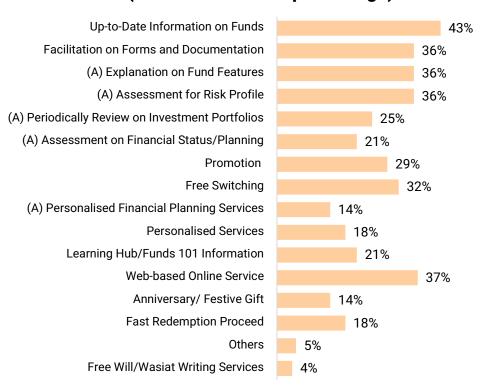


Figure 14: Services Provided on DIY/Online Portal (number of IUTA in percentage)



IUTAs (salaried UTS Consultants) shared similar level of services. IUTAs should also inculcate goal-based investing advisory among their UTS Consultants.

Comparison of Services (CUTA) - UTS Consultant vs DIY/Online Portal

Figure 15: Services Provided by UTS Consultant (number of CUTA in percentage)

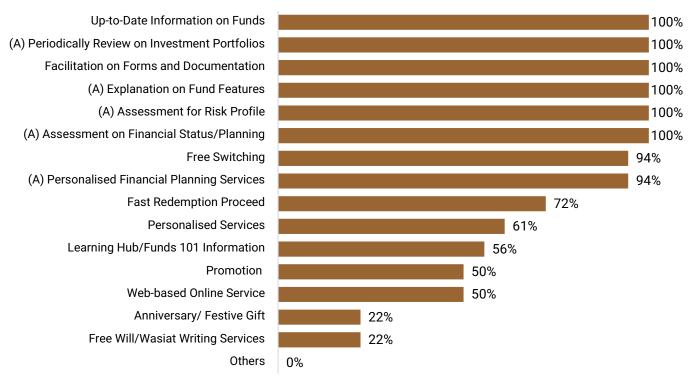
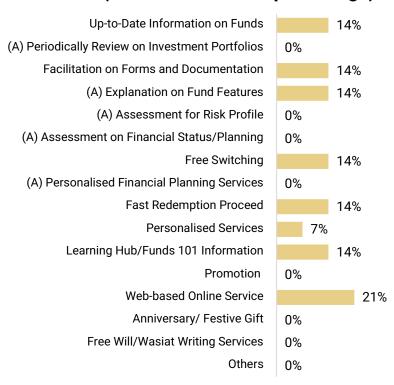
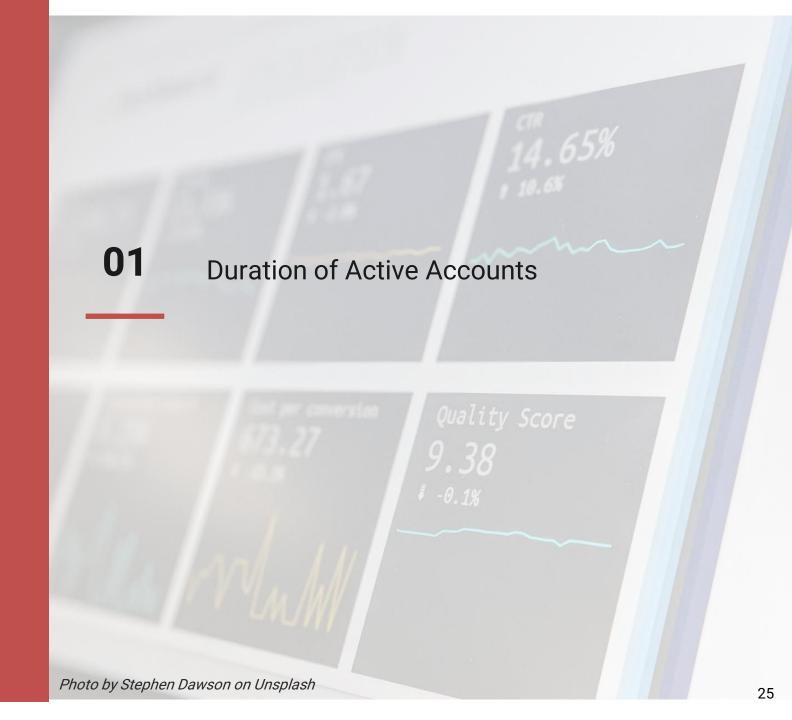


Figure 16: Services Provided on DIY/Online Portal (number of CUTA in percentage)



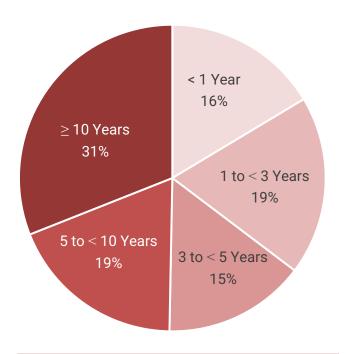
While financial planners may charge their clients an advisory fee, the services rendered are personalised and on-going. Clients are paying a professional fee to help them understand and achieve financial freedom/goals – refer to Chapter 4 on fees imposed by CUTAs.

Chapter 6 Investors Stickiness

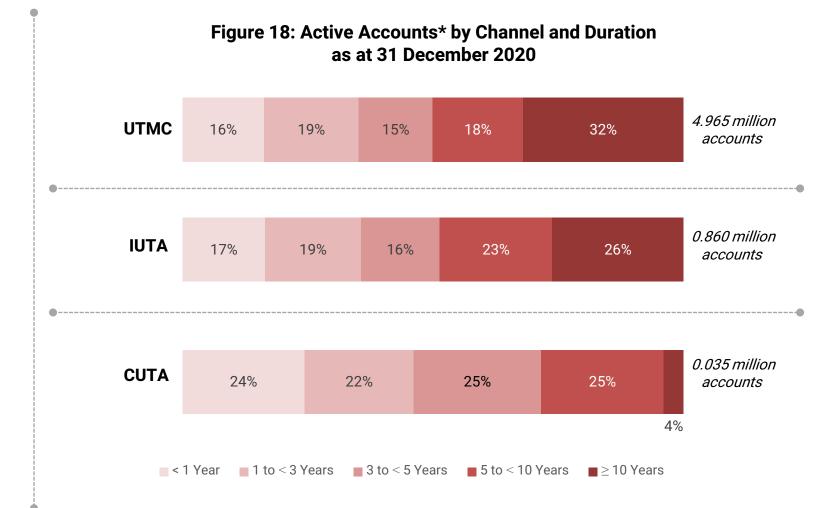


Majority Accounts Stayed Active for ≥5 Years

Figure 17: Duration of Active Accounts* as at 31 December 2020



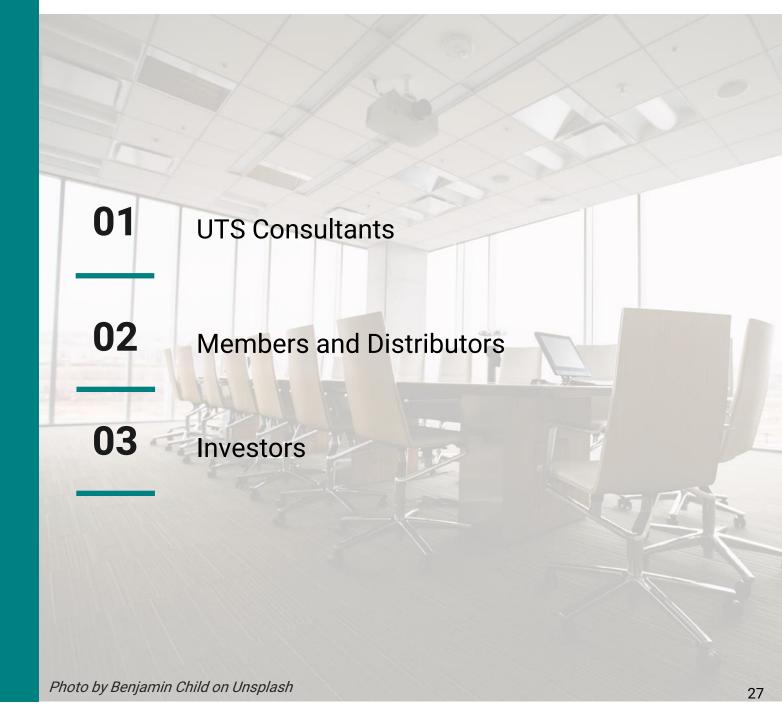
50% of the accounts stayed **active for at least five (5) years.**



*Notes:

- Excluded certain companies due to inability to provide data
- Active Accounts Accounts that still have units with the company as at 31 December 2020. Duration can be based on account opening or first investment date
- Some of percentages of less/more than 100% is due to rounding

Chapter 7 Recommendations



Recommendations

1. Upskill/Upgrade UTS Consultants

• Members/Distributors need to upgrade their UTS Consultants and equip them with personal investment planning skills (i.e. assessment of financial status/planning and personalised financial planning services)

2. Enhance the transparency of fees and charges by Members/Distributors

- Able to demonstrate to investors the level/value of services of different channels
- Highlight the value-added services from the fees and charges imposed

3. Enhance/develop system(s) and infrastructure to facilitate transactions

- Remove transactional burden from UTS Consultants
- Digitise basic functions (i.e. risk profile assessment, explanation for fund features, etc.) for investors

4. Educate investors

- Various channels of investment/fees and charges structure are available in the market to suit different investors' needs
- Different channels offer different services (i.e. based on needs, hence different charges)
- UTS are for long term the longer investors hold on to their investments, the lower the average fees and charges paid
- Actual sales charges are much lower than the maximum sales charges stated in prospectus

Appendix

Computation for Cost of Investing in Equity (2014)

Year: 2014

1st Investment Amount in 2014: **RM 10,000** Average MER 2014 for **Equity** Fund: **1.7861**%

Average Sales Charge 2014 for **Equity** Fund: **2.3356**%

`	Year	A Sales Charge	B Amount of available to Invest	C MER	D Investment Value	E Total Fees
		$\frac{RM10,000}{1+2.3356\%} \ x \ 2.3356\%$	RM10,000 – A	B x 1.7861%	B – C	A + C
4	2014	228.23	9,771.77	174.53	9,597.24	402.76

Please note that the example above is for illustration purpose only.

Note: Excluded fixed price funds

Source for Asset Class: Lipper as at 31 December 2020

Acknowledgement

List of Companies

- 1. A. D. Financial Sdn Bhd
- 2. Aberdeen Standard Islamic Investments (Malaysia) Sdn Bhd
- Affin Bank Berhad
- 4. Affin Hwang Asset Management Berhad
- Affin Islamic Bank Berhad
- 6. AIA Pension and Asset Management Sdn Bhd
- 7. AIIMAN Asset Management Sdn Bhd
- 8. Al Rajhi Banking & Investment Corporation (Malaysia) Berhad
- 9. Alliance Bank Malaysia Berhad
- 10. Alliance Islamic Bank Berhad
- 11. Alpine Advisory Sdn Bhd
- 12. Amanah Saham Nasional Berhad
- 13. Amanah Saham Sarawak Berhad
- 14. AmanahRaya Investment Management Sdn Bhd
- 15. AmBank (M) Berhad

- 16. AmBank Islamic Berhad
- 17. AmFunds Management Berhad
- 18. AmInvestment Bank Berhad
- 19. Apex Investment Services Berhad
- 20. Areca Capital Sdn Bhd
- 21. Bank Islam Malaysia Berhad
- 22. Bank Kerjasama Rakyat Malaysia Berhad
- 23. Bank Muamalat Malaysia Berhad
- 24. Bank of China (Malaysia) Berhad
- 25. Bank Simpanan Nasional
- 26. Bill Morrisons Wealth Management Sdn Bhd
- 27. BIMB Investment Management Berhad
- 28. Blueprint Planning Sdn Bhd
- 29. BOS Wealth Management Malaysia Berhad
- 30. CC Advisory Sdn Bhd

List of Companies (cont'd)

- CIMB Bank Berhad
- 32. CIMB Investment Bank Berhad
- 33. CIMB Islamic Bank Berhad
- 34. Citibank Berhad
- 35. Eastspring Investments Berhad
- 36. Excellentte Consultancy Sdn Bhd
- 37. FA Advisory Sdn Bhd
- 38. Fin Freedom Sdn Bhd
- 39. Finwealth Management Sdn Bhd
- 40. Franklin Templeton GSC Asset Management Sdn Bhd
- 41. Genexus Advisory Sdn Bhd
- 42. Harveston Wealth Management Sdn Bhd
- 43. Hong Leong Asset Management Berhad
- 44. Hong Leong Bank Berhad
- 45. Hong Leong Islamic Bank Berhad

- 46. HSBC Amanah Malaysia Berhad
- 47. HSBC Bank Malaysia Berhad
- 48. iFAST Capital Sdn Bhd
- Industrial and Commercial Bank of China (Malaysia)
 Berhad
- 50. Inter-Pacific Asset Management Sdn Bhd
- 51. KAF Investment Funds Berhad
- 52. Kedah Islamic Asset Management Berhad
- 53. Kenanga Investment Bank Berhad
- 54. Kenanga Investors Berhad
- 55. Kuwait Finance House (Malaysia) Berhad
- 56. Legacy Advisory Sdn Bhd
- 57. Libra Invest Berhad
- 58. Magnisave Group Sdn Bhd
- 59. Malayan Banking Berhad
- 60. Manulife Investment Management (M) Berhad

List of Companies (cont'd)

- 61. Maybank Asset Management Sdn Bhd
- 62. Maybank Islamic Berhad
- 63. MBSB Bank Berhad
- 64. MIDF Amanah Asset Management Berhad
- 65. Muamalat Invest Sdn Bhd
- 66. Nomura Asset Management Malaysia Sdn Bhd
- 67. Nomura Islamic Asset Management Sdn Bhd
- 68. OCBC Al-Amin Bank Berhad
- 69. OCBC Bank (Malaysia) Berhad
- 70. Opus Asset Management Sdn Bhd
- 71. Pengurusan Kumipa Berhad
- 72. Permodalan BSN Berhad
- 73. Pheim Unit Trusts Berhad
- 74. Phillip Mutual Berhad
- 75. PMB Investment Berhad

- 76. Principal Asset Management Berhad
- 77. PTB Unit Trust Berhad
- 78. Public Bank Berhad
- 79. Public Mutual Berhad
- 80. RHB Asset Management Sdn Bhd
- 81. RHB Bank Berhad
- 82. RHB Investment Bank Berhad
- 83. RHB Islamic Bank Berhad
- 84. RHB Islamic International Asset Management Berhad
- 85. Saham Sabah Berhad
- 86. Saturna Sdn Bhd
- 87. Standard Chartered Bank Malaysia Berhad
- 88. Standard Chartered Saadiq Berhad
- 89. TA Investment Management Berhad
- 90. United Overseas Bank (Malaysia) Berhad

List of Companies (cont'd)

- 91. UOB Asset Management (Malaysia) Berhad
- 92. UOB Kay Hian Securities (M) Sdn Bhd
- 93. UOB Kay Hian Wealth Advisors Sdn Bhd
- 94. VKA Wealth Planners Sdn Bhd
- 95. Wealth Vantage Advisory Sdn Bhd
- 96. Whitman Independent Advisors Sdn Bhd
- 97. YES Financial Sdn Bhd

Thank you